



EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS

General Fact Sheet
Introduction
 The Employment Standards Act (the "Act") and Regulation set the minimum standards for employment in Yukon.
 The Act covers most employees and employers. It does not apply to:
 - the territorial, first nations and federal governments;
 - employees who are covered by a collective agreement (unless it does not meet the minimum standards);
 - employees who are excluded by regulations, such as sitters and;
 - employees who are employed by sectors that fall under the federal jurisdiction. These include banks, airlines, inter-provincial trucking companies, post offices and radio and television stations.

For more information on federal jurisdiction contact Labour Canada at 1-800-641-0409.
 The Employment Standards Office is responsible for the interpretation and administration of the Act and its regulation. For information on employment standards, contact an Employment Standards Officer at 867-667-5944 or by email at eso@yukon.ca.

General Information
 The Act sets out the rights and responsibilities of employees and employers, such as the following:
 - Hours of work
 - Annual vacations
 - General holidays
 - Maternity and Parental Leave
 - Equal Pay
 - Termination of Employment
 - Special Leave without Pay
 - Payment of wages
 The regulation sets out exemptions from the Act for certain employees and modifies the rules regarding hours of work and other standards for certain industries.
 An employee is entitled to receive at least the minimum standards set by the Act regardless of their employment status (casual, full-time or part-time). Any agreement to waive the minimum standards is not a valid agreement. If an agreement gives an employee a greater benefit or benefit than the minimum standards, such agreement is enforceable under the Act.
 (See section 3 of the Act)

To ensure that employers and employees are aware of their rights and responsibilities under the Act, the Employment Standards Office provides:
 - public presentations and information about employment standards; and
 - complaint resolution services.
 An employer may make a complaint to the director of employment standards if the employer has contravened or is contravening any sections of the Act.
 (See subsection 73(1) of the Act)

The employer may request their identity be kept confidential when filing a complaint. In the circumstances, the complainant's name will not be disclosed unless absolutely necessary.
 (See section 74 of the Act)

A complaint must be filed:
 - anytime during their employment; or
 - within six months of termination of their employment.
 (See subsections 73(3)(a) and (b) of the Act)

The Employment Standards Office will investigate the complaint and determine the proper course of action. However, the director of employment standards may refuse or cease investigating if:
 - the complaint is frivolous, vexatious, trivial, or has not been initiated in good faith; and
 - there is insufficient evidence to substantiate the complaint.
 (See subsections 73(3)(a) and (b) of the Act)

The director of employment standards may initiate an investigation if there is reason to believe there are contraventions of the Act.
 (See subsection 73(3) of the Act)

Definitions
 The Act defines some words in a specific way. The relevant sections must be read with definitions in mind.
"Conditions of employment" means all matters and circumstances in any way affecting employees and employers in respect of the employment relationship.
"Contract worker" means a worker, whether or not employed under a contract of employment, and whether or not furnishing tools, vehicles, equipment, machinery, material, or any other thing owned by the worker, who performs work or services for another person or corporation or toward such terms and conditions that:
 (a) the worker is in a position of economic dependence on, and under an obligation to perform duties for, that person; and
 (b) the relationship between the worker and that person more closely resembles the relationship of employee to employer than the relationship of an independent contractor to a principal or of one independent contractor to another independent contractor.

"Days" means any period of 24 consecutive hours after the start of work.
"Employee" includes:
 (a) a person, including a deceased person, in receipt of or entitled to wages for employment or services performed for another;
 (b) a person being trained by an employer of the purpose of the employer's business;
 (c) a person who is an apprentice;
 (d) a person who was an employee.

"Employer" means a person having control or direction of, or responsible for the management of, an enterprise, and includes:
 - a partner in a partnership;
 - a member of the employer's family; in respect of an employer, means the employer's spouse, parent, grandparent, step-parent, child, grandchild, step-child, brother, sister, half-brother or half-sister, and a person who stands in the place of a parent, or a person to whom the employer stands in the place of parent, whether or not there is any degree of consanguinity between that person and the employer.
"Wages" means any monetary remuneration payable by an employer to an employee under this Act, and any allowance for travel as prescribed in the regulations, but does not include gratuities, money that is paid at the discretion of the employer and that is not related to hours of work, or other expenses awarded in a wrongful dismissal action, travelling expenses, or other expenses.
 (See subsection 1(1) of the Act)

Payment of Wages
An employer must:
 - Keep accurate employment records, and
 - Provide employees with a wage statement

Records
 An employer is required to keep records of the following:
 - The employee's name and address;
 - The number of hours worked by the employee on each day, regardless of how the employee is paid;
 - The employee's wages, gross earnings and deductions;
 - The amount of any overtime pay or other benefits payable;
 - The time off with pay instead of overtime pay accumulated and taken by the employee each week;
 - The wages taken by the employee;
 - The leaves of absence taken by the employee; and
 - The conditions of employment of the employee.

Records must be:
 - Kept and maintained at the employer's principal place of business in Yukon, and kept for 12 months after work is performed or services are supplied by an employer.
 - Available to be reviewed by the employee or any person authorized by the director of employment standards.
 (See section 62 of the Act)

Wage statements
 An employer must provide a wage statement to their employee at least once a month which contains all of the following information:
 - The employee's name;
 - The number of hours worked including regular and overtime hours;
 - The employee's wages including regular and overtime wages;
 - Details of the deductions made from the wages; and
 - The actual sum paid to the employee.
 (See section 63 of the Act)

Deductions
 An employer must not directly or indirectly, withhold, deduct or offset an employee's earnings for any reason without their written authorization. Such authorization does not include an agreement by an employee to pay any of the employer's business expenses. Amounts deducted without proper authorization or permitted by law are recoverable.
 (See section 64 of the Act)

Allowable Deductions	Prohibited Deductions
Canada Pension Plan	An employer's business costs
Employment Insurance	Family work
Income Taxes	Damage of property
Court-Ordered Garnishments/ Judgments	Cash shortages
An employer's written assignment of wages for specific reasons and amount	Loss of property
An employer's direction to pay wages to their spouse or to a family member	Any other deductions without the employee's written consent or authorized by the Act

Time for payment of wages
 An employer has 10 days after the end of a pay period to pay all wages, other than vacation pay, owing for that period.
 The Act defines "pay period" as any period of employment, not exceeding 16 consecutive calendar days, established by the employer for the computation of wages.
 (See section 1 of the Act)

If an employer's employment ends, the employer has seven days after the termination ends to pay their outstanding wages other than termination pay. Pay in lieu of termination ends is not included in the seven days.
 (See sections 65 (1), (2) and (3) of the Act)

Reduction of wages
 An employer must give an employee at least one pay period notice, if the employer intends to reduce the employee's wages.
 (See sections 3 and 66 of the Act)

Method of payment of wages
 An employer must pay wages by:
 - cash;
 - cheque; or
 - direct deposit.
 (See section 67 of the Act)

General Exemption Regulation
 Some employees are not covered by certain parts of the Act. Under the general Exemption Regulation, an employee is excluded from Part 2: Hours of Work provisions unless:
 - the employee employed as a guide or outfitter;
 - the employee employed in staking, line cutting, geological mapping, geochemical sampling or testing, geophysical surveying or manual stripping activities in the course of exploration for minerals;
 - the employee employed exclusively as a watchman or caretaker, unless the employer is a private security agency;
 - the employee employed as a farm worker; or
 - the employee employed as a domestic.
 And:
 - A person employed as a sitter is exempted from the entire Act.
 (See sections 3 and 4 of the General Exemption Regulation O.C. 1984/344)

The Act defines these activities in a specific way. The relevant sections must be read with the following definitions in mind:
"Guide" means a person employed to provide in respect of a household, cooking, cleaning, gardening, maintenance, chauffeuring, sitting, nursing, tutoring or other similar services, but does not include a person employed by an employer that is engaged in the business of providing such services to households.
"Farm worker" means a person employed in farming, ranching or agricultural operations, but does not include:
 - an employee employed in a temporary or permanent retail operation established to dispose of any product of those operations;

"Outfitter" means a person employed primarily to escort and assist persons engaged in a recreational activity in a wilderness environment.
"Sitter" means a person engaged primarily in providing, otherwise than by way of bona fide sale, any horse, vehicle, boat, transportation service, guiding service, camping equipment or other equipment or service ordinarily provided by outfitters to persons engaged in a recreational activity in a wilderness environment.
"Striker" means a person employed in a private residence solely to provide the services of attending to a child, or to a disabled, infirm or other person, but does not include a nurse, therapist, domestic, homemaker or an employee of:
 - a business that is engaged in providing that service; or
 - a day care facility.
 (See section 2 of the General Exemption Regulation O.C. 1984/344)

Hours of work and overtime
 An employee is entitled to overtime pay at a rate of time and one half (1.5) if the employee:
 - works in excess of the standard hours of work; or
 - works in excess of the hours as specified under an averaging agreement per section 10 and 11 of the Act.
 Standard hours may be different if an employee is working under an averaging agreement or a Short Work Week agreement.
 (See section 10 and 11 of the Act)
 The Act defines "standard hours of work" as eight hours in a day and 40 hours in a week.
 (See section 6 of the Act)
 The Act defines "week" as a period of seven consecutive days established by the employer's payroll records or determined by an employment standards officer.
 (See subsection 1(1) of the Act)

If a week contains a general holiday, the employee must be paid overtime when the employee works more than 32 hours in the week.
 Certain employees are excluded from the hours of work provisions of the Act and its regulation, including:
 - a member of the employer's family;
 - an employee whose duties are primarily of a supervisory or managerial character;
 - a person employed in staking, line cutting, geological mapping, geochemical sampling or testing, geophysical surveying or manual stripping activities in the course of exploration for minerals;
 - a watchman or caretaker unless the employer is a private security agency;
 - a guide or outfitter;
 - a domestic; who is employed directly by households to provide housekeeping, sitting, nursing, tutoring or other similar services in a private home other than those employed by a business or agency;
 - a travelling salesperson.
 (See section 4 of the Act and General Exemption Regulation O.C. 1984/344)
 Although the above employees are excluded from the hours of work provisions of the Act under Part 2, they are entitled to be paid for all hours worked at regular rates. For more information, contact our office at 867-667-5944 or by email at eso@yukon.ca.

Overtime pay examples
Hourly paid employees:
Example #1:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	6	40
OT hours @1.5							2	38

Example #2:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	10	10	8	8	10	5	59
OT hours @1.5							2	19

Example #3:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #4:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	38

Example #5:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #6:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #7:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #8:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #9:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #10:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #11:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #12:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #13:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #14:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #15:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #16:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #17:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #18:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #19:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #20:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #21:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #22:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #23:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #24:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #25:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #26:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #27:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #28:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #29:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #30:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #31:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #32:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	40
OT hours @1.5							8	32

Example #33:

Hours Worked	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Total
Regular Hours	8</							